

# Cohomological analysis of the Epstein–Glasser renormalization

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## Introduction

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^{Dn}} \prod_{1 \leq j < k \leq n} G_{jk}(\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_k) \prod_{m=1}^n d^D \mathbf{x}_m$$

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$$\mathcal{R} : \mathcal{C}^\infty(F_n(\mathbb{R}^D)) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^{Dn}),$$

$$\mathcal{R}(u) \Big|_{F_n(\mathbb{R}^D)} = u.$$

$$\mathcal{R} : \mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_n(\mathbb{R}^D)\right) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}'\left(\mathbb{R}^{Dn}\right), \quad \mathcal{R}' : \mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_n(\mathbb{R}^D)\right) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}'\left(\mathbb{R}^{Dn}\right),$$

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Conversely,  $\mathcal{R}' := \mathcal{R} + \mathcal{Q}$  for  $\mathcal{Q} : \mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_n(\mathbb{R}^D)\right) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}'\left(\widehat{\Delta}_n\right)$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{R}'(u) \Big|_{F_n(\mathbb{R}^D)} = u.$$

$$c[A] := A \circ \mathcal{R} - \mathcal{R} \circ A : \mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_n(\mathbb{R}^D)\right) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}'\left(\widehat{\Delta}_n\right)$$

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$$A_1 \circ c[A_2] - c[A_1 \circ A_2] + c[A_1] \circ A_2 = 0.$$

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for  $c'[A] := A \circ \mathcal{R}' - \mathcal{R}' \circ A$

$c[A] - c'[A]$  is a Hochschild coboundary :

$$c[A] - c'[A] = A \circ \mathcal{Q} - \mathcal{Q} \circ A.$$

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$$G_{12}(x_1 - x_2) \ G_{13}(x_1 - x_3) \ G_{14}(x_1 - x_4) \ G_{24}(x_2 - x_4) \ G_{34}(x_3 - x_4)$$

There exist  $\mathcal{R}_n : \mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_n(\mathbb{R}^D)\right) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}'\left(\mathbb{R}^{Dn}\right)$  with the properties

$$\mathcal{R}_m(\mathcal{R}_{n-m}(u)) = \mathcal{R}_n(u|_{F_n(\mathbb{R}^D)})$$

$$\text{if } u \in \mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_m(\mathbb{R}^D) \times F_{n-m}(\mathbb{R}^D)\right)$$

$$\text{sc.d. } \mathcal{R}_n(u) \leq \text{sc.d. } u,$$

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$$\mathcal{R}_n(fu) = f\mathcal{R}_n(u),$$

$$\text{if } u \in \mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_n(\mathbb{R}^D)\right) \text{ and } f \in \mathcal{C}^\infty\left(\mathbb{R}^{Dn}\right).$$

$$\mathcal{R}_n[u(x_1 - x_2, \dots, x_1 - x_n)] = R_n[u(y_1, \dots, y_{n-1})]$$

$$(x_1, \dots, x_n) \mapsto (x_1 - x_2, \dots, x_1 - x_n) : \left\{ \begin{array}{lcl} F_n(\mathbb{R}^D) & \rightarrow & F_{n-1}(\mathbb{R}^D \setminus \{0\}) \\ \widehat{\Delta}_n & \rightarrow & \widehat{\Delta}_{n-1} \\ \Delta_n & \rightarrow & 0 \end{array} \right.$$

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$$\mathcal{R}_n\big[u(\mathsf{x}_1-\mathsf{x}_2,\ldots,\mathsf{x}_1-\mathsf{x}_n)\big]\,=\,R_n\big[u(\mathsf{y}_1,\ldots,\mathsf{y}_{n-1})\big]$$

$$(\mathsf{x}_1,\,\dots,\,\mathsf{x}_n) \,\mapsto\, (\mathsf{x}_1-\mathsf{x}_2,\,\dots,\,\mathsf{x}_1-\mathsf{x}_n) : \left\{ \begin{array}{rcl} F_n\big(\mathbb{R}^D\big) & \rightarrow & F_{n-1}\big(\mathbb{R}^D\backslash\{0\}\big) \\ \widehat{\Delta}_n & \rightarrow & \widehat{\Delta}_{n-1} \\ \Delta_n & \rightarrow & 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$R_n\,=\,{\mathcal P}_{D(n-1)}\circ R'_n$$

$$R'_n:\mathcal{C}^\infty\Big(F_{n-1}\big(\mathbb{R}^D\backslash\{0\}\big)\Big)\,\rightarrow\,\mathscr{D}'\Big(\mathbb{R}^{D(n-1)}\backslash\{0\}\Big)$$

$${\mathcal P}_N:\mathscr{D}'\Big(\mathbb{R}^N\backslash\{0\}\Big)\,\rightarrow\,\mathscr{D}'\Big(\mathbb{R}^N\Big)$$

$$R_2 = {\mathcal P}_D$$

There exist  $\mathcal{P}_N : \mathscr{D}'(\mathbb{R}^N \setminus \{0\}) \rightarrow \mathscr{D}'(\mathbb{R}^N)$  with the properties

$$\mathcal{P}_N(u) \Big|_{\mathbb{R}^N \setminus \{0\}} = u,$$

$$\text{sc.d. } \mathcal{P}_N(u) \leq \text{sc.d. } u,$$

$$\mathcal{P}_N(fu) = f \mathcal{P}_N(u),$$

$$\text{if } u \in \mathscr{D}'(\mathbb{R}^N \setminus \{0\}) \text{ and } f \in \mathcal{C}^\infty(\mathbb{R}^N).$$

$$\mathcal{P}_N = \mathcal{P}'_N + \mathcal{Q}$$

$$\mathcal{Q}:\,\mathscr{D}'\!\left(\mathbb{R}^N\!\setminus\{0\}\right)\rightarrow\mathscr{D}'\!\left[0\right]$$

$$c_\xi := x^\xi \circ \mathcal{P}'_N - \mathcal{P}'_N \circ x^\xi : \mathscr{D}'\!\left(\mathbb{R}^N\!\setminus\{0\}\right) \rightarrow \mathscr{D}'\!\left[0\right]$$

$$c_\xi = x^\xi \circ \mathcal{Q} - \mathcal{Q} \circ x^\xi$$

$$\mathcal{Q} = \sum_{\mathsf{r} \in \mathbb{N}_0^N} \frac{1}{\mathsf{r}!} \; \delta^{(\mathsf{r})} \big( \mathbf{x} \big) \, Q_{\mathsf{r}} \,, \quad Q_{\mathsf{r}} : \mathscr{D}'_t \big( \big( \mathbb{R}^N \!\setminus\{0\} \big) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

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$$Q_{\mathsf{r}+\mathbf{e}_\xi}[u] = -C_{\xi,\mathsf{r}}[u] - Q_{\mathsf{r}}[x^\xi u]$$

## Cohomology of renormalization maps

$$R_n = \mathcal{P}_{D(n-1)} \circ R'_n$$

$$\mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_{n-1}\left(\mathbb{R}^D \setminus \{0\}\right)\right) \xrightarrow{R'_n} \mathcal{D}'\left(\mathbb{R}^{D(n-1)} \setminus \{0\}\right) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}_{D(n-1)}} \mathcal{D}'\left(\mathbb{R}^N\right)$$

$$\omega_{n; k, \mu} := R_n \circ \partial_{x_k^\mu} - \partial_{x_k^\mu} \circ R_n =: [R_n, \partial_{x_k^\mu}]$$

$$\omega_{n; k, \mu} : \mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_{n-1}\left(\mathbb{R}^D \setminus \{0\}\right)\right) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}'\left(\widehat{\Delta}_{n-1}\right)$$

$$\omega_{n; k, \mu} = \gamma_{n; k, \mu} + \omega'_{n; k, \mu}$$

$$\gamma_{n; k, \mu} := [\partial_{x_k^\mu}, \mathcal{P}_{D(n-1)}] \circ R'_n$$

$$\omega'_{n; k, \mu} := \mathcal{P}_{Dn} \circ [\partial_{x_k^\mu}, R'_n]$$

$$\gamma_{n; k, \mu} : \mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_{n-1}\left(\mathbb{R}^D \setminus \{0\}\right)\right) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}'[0]$$

$$[\partial_{x_j^\nu}, \gamma_{2;k,\mu}] - [\partial_{x_k^\mu}, \gamma_{2;j,\nu}] = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} & [\partial_{x_j^\nu}, \gamma_{n;k,\mu}] - [\partial_{x_k^\mu}, \gamma_{n;j,\nu}] \\ &= - [\partial_{x_k^\mu}, \mathcal{P}_{D(n-1)}] \circ [\partial_{x_j^\nu}, J'_n] + [\partial_{x_j^\nu}, \mathcal{P}_{D(n-1)}] \circ [\partial_{x_k^\mu}, J'_n] \quad (n > 2) \end{aligned}$$

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$$d\gamma_2 = 0$$

$$d\gamma_n = \mathcal{F}[\gamma_1, \dots, \gamma_{n-1}]$$

$$\phi : \mathcal{C}^\infty\!\left(F_{n-1}\!\left(\mathbb{R}^D\!\setminus\{\mathbf{0}\}\right)\right) \rightarrow \mathscr{D}'\!\left[\mathbf{0}\right]$$

$$x_k^\mu \circ \phi - \phi \circ x_k^\mu \, = \, 0$$

$$\phi : \mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_{n-1}\left(\mathbb{R}^D \setminus \{0\}\right)\right) \rightarrow \mathscr{D}'[0]$$

$$x_k^\mu \circ \phi - \phi \circ x_k^\mu = 0$$

$$\phi = \sum_{r \in \mathbb{N}_0^N} \frac{1}{r!} \delta^{(r)}(x) \Phi_r, \quad \Phi_r : \mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_{n-1}\left(\mathbb{R}^D \setminus \{0\}\right)\right) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}.$$

$$\phi \mapsto \Phi_0 \text{ is injective}$$

$$\Phi_r = (-1)^{|r|} \Phi_0 \circ x^r$$

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$$\text{if } \phi \mapsto \Phi_0 \text{ then } [\partial_{x^\xi}, \phi] \mapsto -\Phi_0 \circ \partial_{x^\xi}.$$

$$H^1\left(\mathcal{C}^\infty\left(F_{n-1}\left(\mathbb{R}^D \setminus \{0\}\right)\right)^\circ\right)$$

$$H^{D(n-1)-1}\left(F_{n-1}\left(\mathbb{R}^D \setminus \{0\}\right)\right)$$

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$$H^{D(n-1)-1}\left(F_{n-1}\left(\mathbb{R}^D \setminus \{0\}\right)\right) = \{0\} \quad \text{for } n > 2$$

$$\psi : \mathbb{S}^{D-1} \rightarrow F_2(\mathbb{R}^D) : x \mapsto (x, -x)$$

$$\pi_{j_1, \dots, j_m}^n : F_n(\mathbb{R}^D) \rightarrow F_m(\mathbb{R}^D) : (x_1, \dots, x_n) \mapsto (x_{j_1}, \dots, x_{j_m})$$

$$(1 \leqslant j_1 < \cdots < j_m \leqslant n)$$

$$\alpha_{j,k} := (\pi_{j,k}^n)^* \alpha , \quad \alpha \in \Omega^{D-1}(\mathbb{S}^{D-1})$$

The spaces  $H^r(F_n(\mathbb{R}^D \setminus Q))$  are finite dimensional and the only nonzero ones are for  $r = s(D - 1)$  with  $s = 1, \dots, n - 1$ .

The algebra  $H^*(F_n(\mathbb{R}^D))$  is a free algebra with generators  $[\alpha_{j,k}]$  for  $1 \leqslant j < k \leqslant n$  and relations

$$[\alpha_{j,k}]^2 = 0 \quad (j < k), \\ [\alpha_{j,\ell}][\alpha_{k,\ell}] = [\alpha_{j,k}][\alpha_{k,\ell}] - [\alpha_{j,k}][\alpha_{j,\ell}] \quad (j < k < \ell).$$